

6th MEETING OF THE ASIAN COTTON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT NETWORK
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MD. FAKHRE ALAM IBNE TABIB, PhD
DEPUTY DIRECTOR
COTTON DEVELOPMENT BOARD
DHAKA REGION, DHAKA.

CONTRIBUTORS

- Dr. Md. Fakhre Alam Ibne Tabib, Deputy Director, CDB
- Prof. Dr. M. Abdul Karim, Department of Agronomy, BSMRAU
- Prof. Dr. M. Moynul Haque, Department of Agronomy, BSMRAU

Author's biography	
Name	: Md. Fakhre Alam Ibne Tabib
Contact	: tabibfai@gmail.com Cell: +880 1711227054
Academic qualification	: BSc. In Agriculture
	: M Sc in Agronomy
	: Post graduate Diploma in Development Planning
	: PhD in Agronomy
Work Experience	: 20 years experience in cotton extension
Specialization	: System Agronomy
Membership	: KIB, BSA, WSSB
Major Training	: Computer literacy, Biosafety and GMO crop, Government administration and finance
Country Visited	: Egypt, Turkey
Publication	: 3

RATIONAL

- limited high and medium high land
- cotton are facing high competition with vegetables, flowers and other high value crops
- higher cropping intensity
- cotton-slow growing and long duration
- fit into mungbean based cropping pattern
- important strategy for cotton expansion
- high system productivity, net return and land equivalent ratio

CDB strategy for cotton expansion

- Drought area
- Hill area
- Saline area
- Char area
- Cotton in Agro-forestry
- Cotton based cropping pattern
- Intercropping

Major crops in Bangladesh

SL.	Crop	Area (ha)	Production (m. tons)
1.	Rice	11358,700	31975,000
2.	Wheat	376,100	901,000
3.	Maize	152,200	887,000
4.	Jute	416,600	924,000
5.	Pulses	233,200	218,000
	Mungbean	23,100	20,000
6.	Oil seeds	365,600	786,000
7.	Sugar cane	117,400	4491,000
8.	Spices	285,800	1350,000
9.	Tobacco	38,000	54,000
10.	Cotton	40,000	27,000

Source : Agriculture Statistics Wing, BBS

AGRICULTURAL CALENDAR												
CROP	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
CEREALS												
Aus (Local: Broadcasted)												
Aus (HYV: Transplant)												
Aus (HYV: Broadcasted)												
Aman (Local: Broadcasted)												
Aman (Local: Transplant)												
Aman (HYV: Transplant)												
Boro (Local: Transplant)												
Boro (HYV: Transplant)												
Wheat												
Maize												
TUBERS												
Potato												
PULSES												
Lentil												
Chickpea												
Mungbean												
Blackgram												
OILSEEDS												
Soybean												
Mustard/Rape												
Groundnut												
Groundnut												
Sesame												
Sesame												
Sunflower												

Land Type**Cropping Pattern**

High land

1. Boro - T. Aman - Fallow
2. Potato - Boro (HYV) - T. Aman
3. Pulses - Jute - Fallow
4. Wheat - Kaon - T. Aman

5. Tomato - Aus - Vegetables

Medium high land

1. Potato - Boro - T. Aman
2. Wheat - T. Aman - Pulses
3. Oilseed - Boro - T. Aman
4. Boro - T. Aman - Mustard

5. Tomato - Aus - Vegetable

Source: FAO, Bangladesh

Cotton based cropping pattern

1. Cotton- Sweet gourd
2. Cotton-Winter vegetables
3. Cotton-Maize-Sunhemp
4. Cotton-Mungbean
5. Cotton-Jute/Mesta
6. Cotton-Wheat
7. Cotton-Sesame
8. Cotton-Chilli
9. Cotton-Groundnut
10. Cotton-Water melon
11. Cotton -Potato

Source: CDB, Bangladesh

Mungbean based cropping pattern**Southern and South-Western region**

- T. aman rice – mungbean – Fallow
 - Aus rice – T. Aman rice – mungbean
- (Haque *et al.* 2004)

Central region

- Aus rice/jute-mungbean-fallow

Northern region

- Aus rice-mungbean-rabi

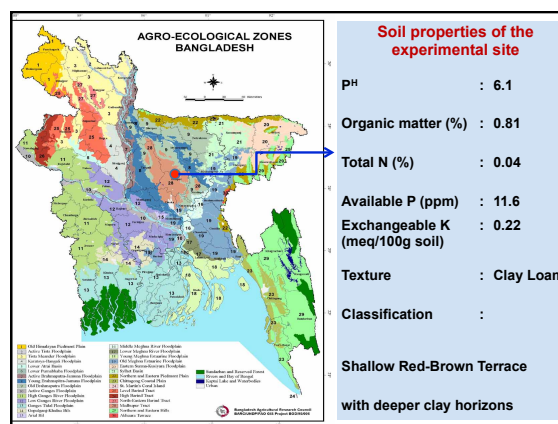
-(Rahman *et al.* 2000)

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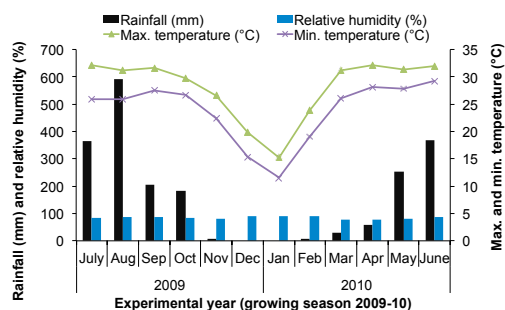
Existing cotton based inter and relay cropping systems in Bangladesh

- Vegetables- red amaranth, danta, radish
- Pulses- **mungbean**, black gram
- Oil seeds- Sesame
- Spices- coriander as leaf, ginger, turmeric
- Cotton-rice intercropping in hilly areas
- Cotton-wheat relay cropping
- Cotton-chili relay cropping
- Cotton-aus rice relay cropping
- Cotton-sugarcane relay cropping

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Agro-meteorological feature



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OBJECTIVES

- to find out suitable planting pattern both spatial and temporal for cotton+mungbean intercropping system in order to achieve maximum productivity and economic return
- to determine the optimum population of mungbean as a companion crop with the main crop cotton under cotton+mungbean intercropping system.

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EXPERIMENTAL VARIABLES AND CROP MANAGEMENT

Variety	: Cotton- CB-10 and Mungbean- BU mung-4
Design of Experiment	: Randomized Complete Block Design
Replication	: Three
Unit Plot size	: 5.4 m × 4.5 m
Fertilization	: CDB recommendation fertilizer for cotton BARI recommendation fertilizer for mungbean
Final thinning	: Cotton at two true leaf stage Mungbean at first trifoliate stage
Weeding	: Two times
Irrigation	: Light irrigation
Insect management	: Eight times insecticide spray and two hand picking of bollworm
Crop harvested	: Cotton: 150 DAS, 165 DAS and 180 DAS Mungbean: 55 DAS and 65 DAS

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Treatments

- T₁=Sole single row cotton
- T₂= Sole paired row cotton
- T₃= Sole mungbean
- T₄= Single row cotton+1-row mungbean
- T₅= Single row cotton+2-row mungbean
- T₆= Single row cotton+3-row mungbean
- T₇= Single row cotton+4-row mungbean
- T₈= Paired row cotton+4-row mungbean
- T₉= Paired row cotton+5-row mungbean
- T₁₀= Paired row cotton+6-row mungbean
- T₁₁= Paired row cotton+7-row mungbean

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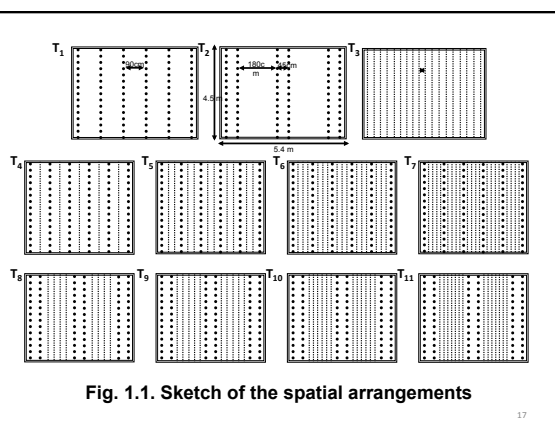
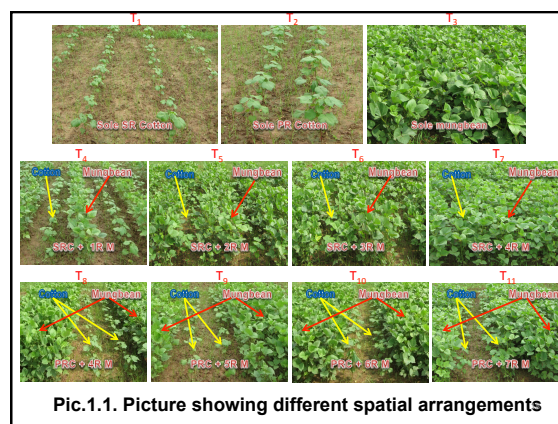


Fig. 1.1. Sketch of the spatial arrangements

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Pic.1.1. Picture showing different spatial arrangements

Data recorded

- Yield and yield components of cotton and mungbean
- Gin properties and lint quality of cotton

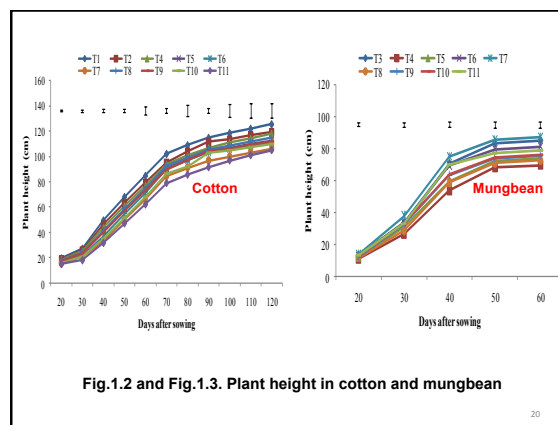
I. PRODUCTIVITY AND ECONOMICS

- Intercrop productivity - LER, MAI, Equivalent yield
- Economic evaluation - TVC, GR, NR, BCR
- Competition - RCC, CR

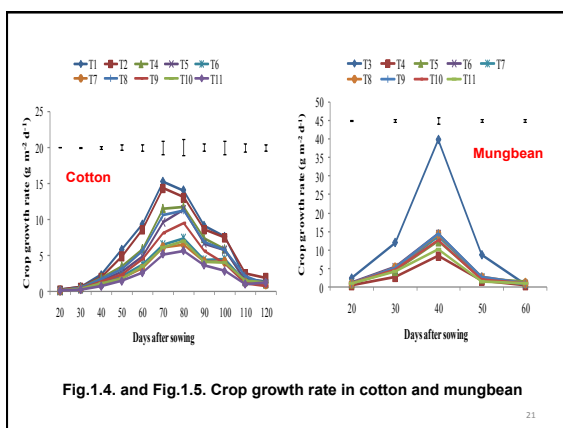
II. GROWTH PATTERN

- Growth data- Plant height, CGR & LAI of cotton and mungbean
- Light availability - LTR

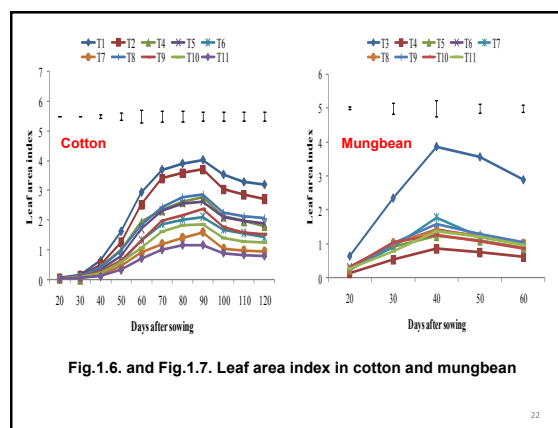
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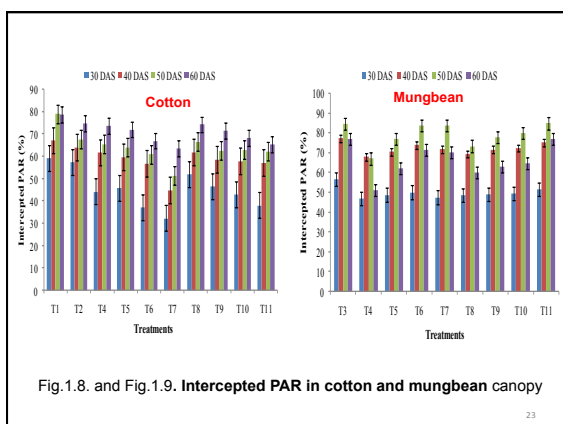
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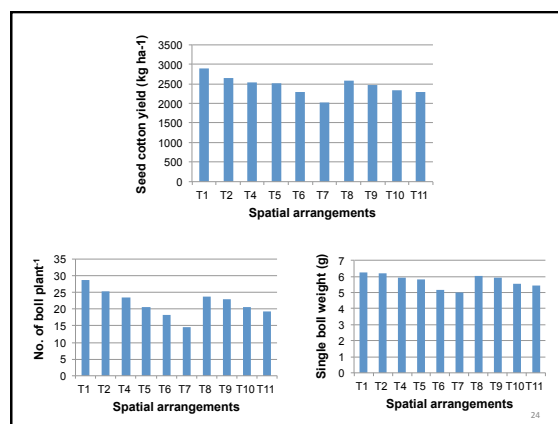
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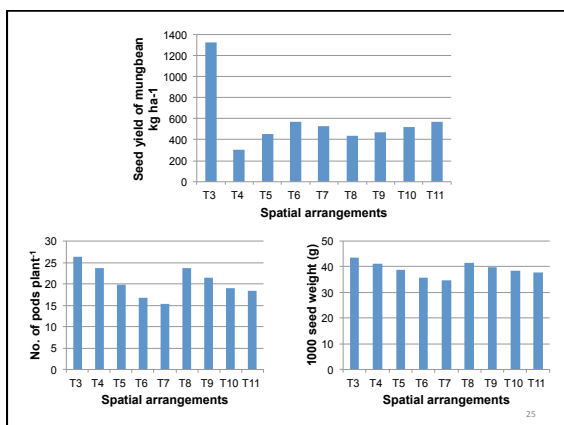
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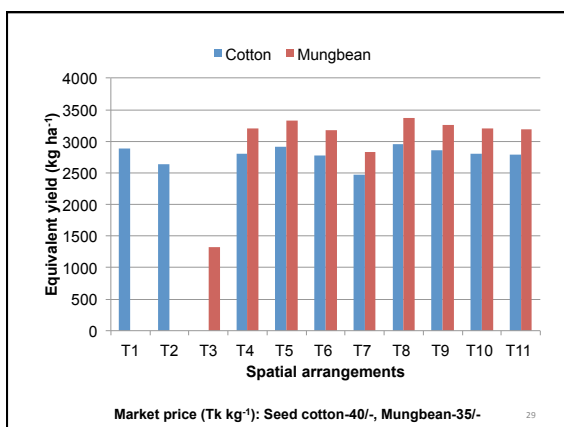
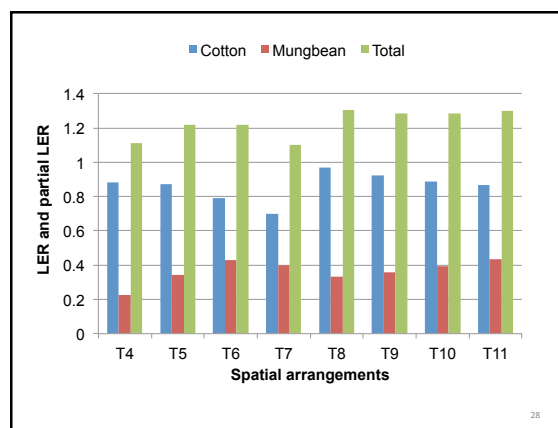
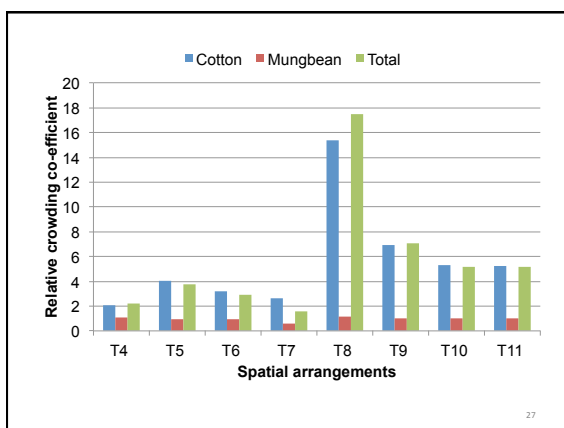


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Fibre quality of cotton

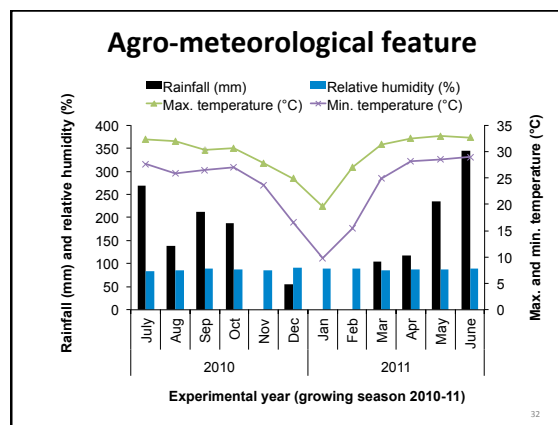
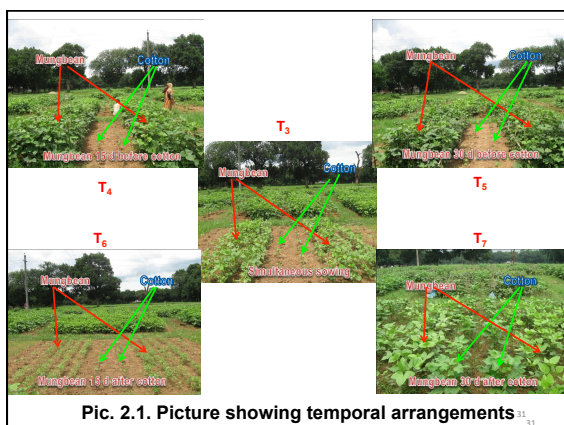
Treatment	Fibre length (cm)	Fibre strength (PSI)	Micronaire value
T ₁	2.81	84.92	4.533
T ₂	2.80	84.60	4.433
T ₃	2.72	83.69	4.400
T ₄	2.66	83.09	4.400
T ₅	2.62	82.78	4.100
T ₆	2.60	82.73	4.067
T ₇	2.73	84.23	4.433
T ₈	2.70	83.50	4.400
T ₉	2.65	82.92	4.367
T ₁₀	2.64	82.87	4.267
T ₁₁			
LSD _(0.05)	0.15	1.86	0.31



Gross return, gross margin and benefit cost ratio (BCR)

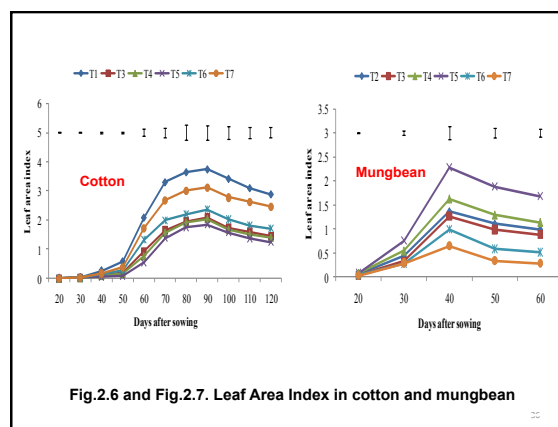
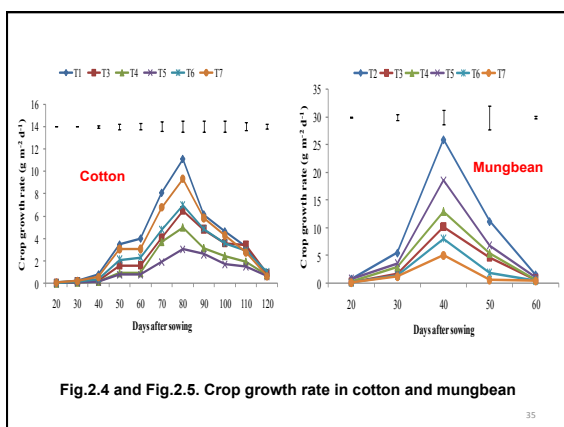
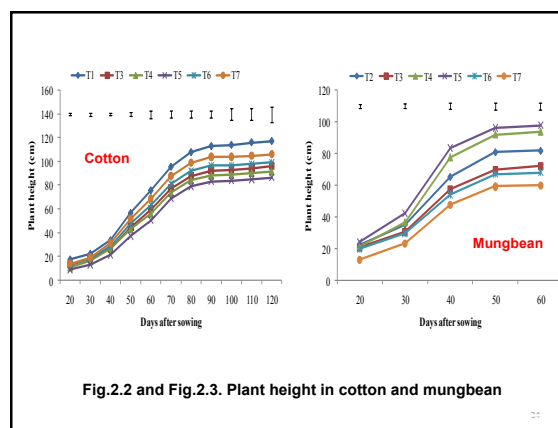
Treatment	Gross return Tk ha ⁻¹	Gross margin Tk ha ⁻¹	BCR
T ₁	115407	55570	1.93
T ₂	105576	48190	1.84
T ₃	46258	20150	1.77
T ₄	112277	52440	1.87
T ₅	116655	56290	1.93
T ₆	111022	50180	1.82
T ₇	88270	26930	1.44
T ₈	118039	60220	2.04
T ₉	114269	55880	1.96
T ₁₀	111889	53330	1.90
T ₁₁	111652	52900	1.90
SE (±)	5276.48	5240.22	0.095
LSD _(0.05)	11010	10930	0.1942

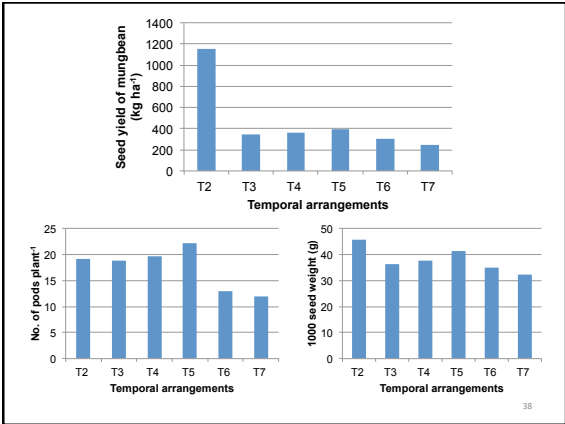
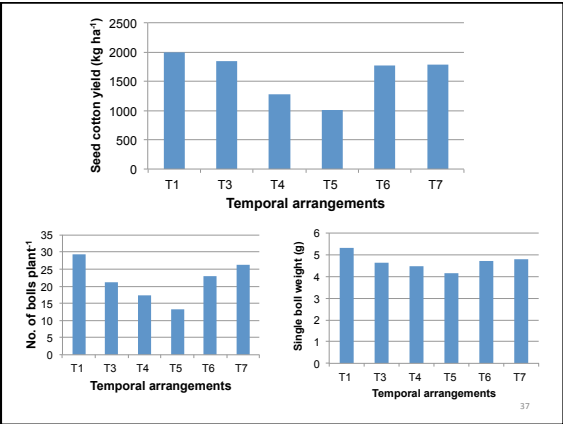
Market price (Tk kg⁻¹): Seed cotton-40/-, Mungbean-35/-



TREATMENTS

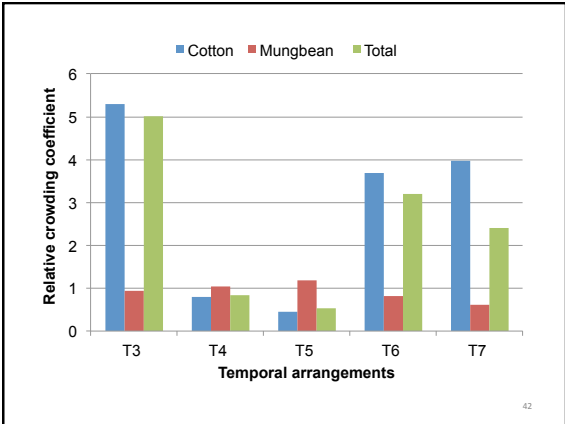
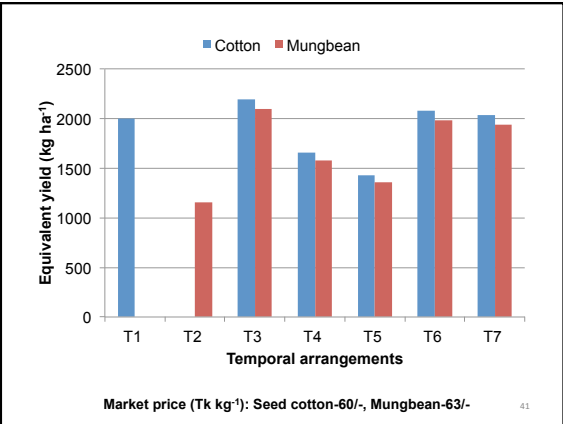
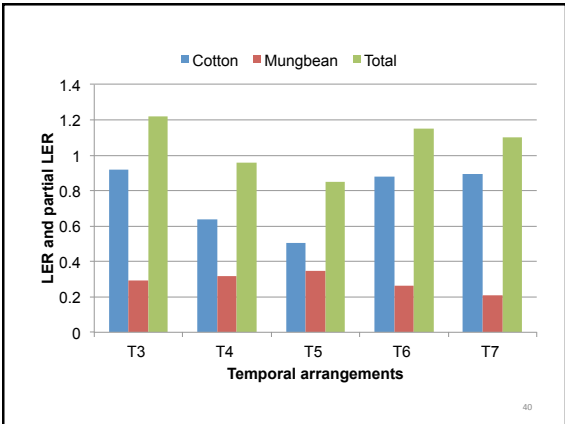
T_1 = Sole cotton
 T_2 = Sole mungbean
 T_3 = Cotton+mungbean simultaneous sowing
 T_4 = Mungbean sown 15 days before cotton
 T_5 = Mungbean sown 30 days before cotton
 T_6 = Mungbean sown 15 days after cotton
 T_7 = Mungbean sown 30 days after cotton

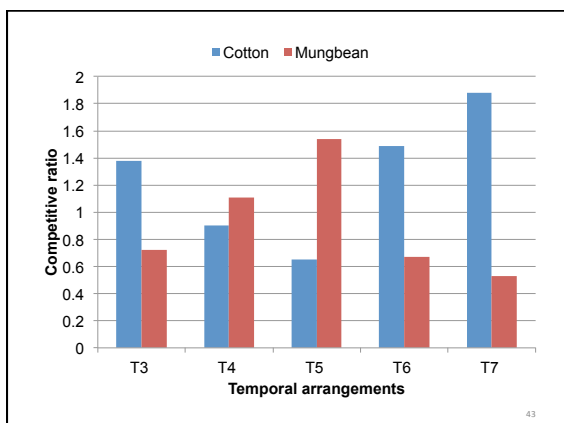




Fibre quality of cotton

Treatment	Fibre length (cm)	Fibre strength (PSI)	Micronaire value
T ₁	2.95	85.37	3.90
T ₃	2.75	82.29	4.13
T ₄	2.58	81.73	4.27
T ₅	2.57	81.24	4.37
T ₆	2.74	83.16	4.13
T ₇	2.92	84.00	3.97
LSD _(0.05)	0.16	NS	NS





Gross return, Gross margin and benefit cost ratio (BCR)

Treatment	Gross return Tk ha ⁻¹	Gross margin Tk ha ⁻¹	BCR
T ₁	120049	60790	2.03
T ₂	72765	43570	2.49
T ₃	131965	71830	2.19
T ₄	99726	38080	1.61
T ₅	85539	23930	1.39
T ₆	124877	64670	2.07
T ₇	122463	61860	2.02

Market price (Tk kg⁻¹): Seed cotton-60/-, Mungbean-63/-

CONCLUSION

- Yield of cotton and mungbean was the highest in sole cropping but their equivalent yield was the maximum under intercropping.
- The highest productivity and economic return obtained from paired row cotton+4-row mungbean with simultaneous sowing indicated the most efficient pattern, which had definite yield advantage over sole cropping.
- Intercropping reduced the growth of both cotton and mungbean but increased mungbean plant height